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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/796,042		03/10/2004	Wayd A. McNally	16385-US	2741	
23553	7590	04/28/2006		EXAMINER		
MARKS &	& CLERK			FAYYAZ, NASHMIYA SAQIB		
P.O. BOX 9 STATION 1				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
OTTAWA,	_	· 5S7		2856		
CANADA				DATE MAILED: 04/28/200	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/796,042	MCNALLY, WAYD A.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
¥-	Nashmiya S. Fayyaz	2856	
The MAILING DATE of this communicate			
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.ING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re ation. ry period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT by statute, cause the application to become ABA	CATION. ply be timely filed I'HS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of	n 2/15/06.		
	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for		ers, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice	under <i>Ex part</i> e <i>Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are pending in the app	lication.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>21-39</u> is/are w			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.		
·	☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to t	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objectio			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	e correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	,		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	to boug boon received		
1. Certified copies of the priority do		anlication No	
2. Certified copies of the priority do3. Copies of the certified copies of the	cuments have been received in Ap		
application from the International	· · · · ·	received in this National Stage	
* See the attached detailed Office action for	,	received	
			
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05) Application/Control Number: 10/796,042

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Please note the restriction requirement 1/20/06 is hereby rescinded and therefore, claims 1-20 are subject to the restriction, as follows.

- Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C.
 121:
 - Claim 2, drawn to a device with housing with a grometted hole,
 classified in class 073, subclass 1+.
 - II. Claims 3-8, drawn to a device where the housing mimics, classified in class 73, subclass 865.6.
 - III. Claim 9, drawn to a device with a removable sensor classified in class 73, subclass 1+.
 - IV. Claims 10-11, drawn to a device with an angular moment and dew point, classified in class 73, subclass 1+.
 - V. Claim 12, drawn to a device with a single channel transceiver etc,classified in class 73, subclass 1+.
 - VI. Claim13, drawn to a device with hardware/software a/d convertor, classified in class 73, subclass 1+.

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- VII. Claim 14, drawn to a device with an auto gain control circuit, classified in class 73, subclass 1+.
- VIII. Claim 15 drawn to a device with a power conversion circuit, classified in class 73, subclass 1+.
- IX. Claim 16, drawn to a device with an LED indicating status, classified in class 73, subclass 1+.
- X. Claim 17, drawn to a device with a photodevice for remote activation, classified in class 73, subclass 1+.
- XI. Claim 18, drawn to a device with a sound emitter, classified in class 73, subclass 1+
- XII. Claim 19, drawn to a device with temporary data storage, classified in class 73, subclass 1+.
- XIII. Claim 20, drawn to a device with self-testing mechanism, classified in class 73, subclass 1+.

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2. Claim 1 link(s) inventions I-XIII. The restriction requirement among the linked inventions is subject to the nonallowance of the linking claim(s), claim 1. Upon the indication of allowability of the linking claim(s), the restriction requirement as to the linked inventions shall be withdrawn and any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) will be rejoined and fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104 Claims that require all the limitations of an allowable linking claim will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

Applicant(s) are advised that if any claim(s) including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) is/are presented in a continuation or divisional application, the claims of the continuation or divisional application may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application. Where a restriction requirement is withdrawn, the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 121 are no longer applicable. In re Ziegler, 443 F.2d 1211, 1215, 170 USPQ 129, 131-32 (CCPA 1971). See also MPEP § 804.01.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

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3. Inventions I and II-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP §-806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of II-XIII are not found in I. The subcombination has separate utility such as an oxygen concentration sensor.

- 4. Inventions II and III-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of III-XIII are not found in II. The subcombination has separate utility such as a semiconductor sensor attached to a wafer.
- 5. Inventions III and IV-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as

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because all the limitations of III are not found in IV- XIII. The subcombination has separate utility such as a permanently installed temperature sensor.

- 6. Inventions IV and V-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of V-XIII are not found in IV. The subcombination has separate utility such as speed sensor installed on an airplane.
- 7. Inventions V and VI-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of VI- XIII are not found in V. The subcombination has separate utility such as in a seismic monitoring device with geophones.
- 8. Inventions VI and VII-XIII are related as combination and subcombination.

 Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the

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combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP §-806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of VII-XIII are not found in VI. The subcombination has separate utility such as in semiconductor manufacturing.

- 9. Inventions VII and VIII-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of VIII-XIII are not found in VII. The subcombination has separate utility such as in a device for monitoring the levels of carbon monoxide in a car.
- 10. Inventions VIII and IX-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as

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claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of IX-XIII are not found VIII. The subcombination has separate utility such as a portable weather monitoring device.

- 11. Inventions IX and X-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of X-XIII are not found in IX. The subcombination has separate utility such as in a humidity detector with a simple on/off switch.
- 12. Inventions X and XI-XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of XI-XIII are not found in X. The subcombination has separate utility such as ice detector on an airplane.
- 13. Inventions XI and XII-XIII are related as combination and subcombination.

 Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the

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combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of XII-XIII are not found in XI. The subcombination has separate utility such as an underwater sensor.

- 14. Inventions XII and XIII are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because all the limitations of XIII are not found in XII. The subcombination has separate utility such as light sensor.
- 15. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP § 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nashmiya S. Fayyaz whose telephone number is 571-272-2192. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays and Wednesdays.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hezron E. Williams can be reached on 571-272-2208. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

NFayyaz Examiner

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nf 4/26/06

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800